(3) Amildars of taluks who are far away from the headquarters of the district may be allowed to continue to exercise magisterial powers.

Reply of Government.—This question has already been discussed. (*Vide* reply to Subject No. 61.)

SUBJECT No. 64.

Execution of civil court decrees directing the partition of immovable property.

Mr. G. Sivaramayya, Tumkur District Board.

Summary of discussion.—Decrees of civil courts directing the partition of immovable property may be sent for execution direct to the Amildar and Deputy Amildar, instead of through the Deputy Commissioner.

Dewan.—How will the delay be avoided by sending the decree to Amildars?

Mr. Sivaramayya.— Much time will be saved since the order is not required to be communicated to the Amildar by the Deputy Commissioner.

Mr. C. S. Doraswamy Iyer.—According to Section 54, the Deputy Commissioner may delegate his power to any officer not below the grade of an Amildar. He may depute any officer according to the exigencies of public work.

Reply of Government.—There is a principle involved in it. The Chief Court must deal with the Deputy Commissioner directly. According to the Civil Procedure Code, the Deputy Commissioner is directly responsible for the execution of a decree, and this power cannot be given to the Amildar. If there are any cases of delay, they may be brought to the notice of Government.

SUBJECT No. 65.

Appointment of guardians for minor defendants.

Mr. G. Sivaramayya, Tumkur District Board.

Summary of discussion.—The appointment by the courts of a guardian for a minor defendant, even in cases in which the claim is only for a small amount and the proper guardian purposely evades appearance, entails sometimes heavy expenses. Decrees may be given in such cases on the responsibility of the plaintiff without the appointment of a guardian.

Reply of Government.—This is not possible.

SUBJECT No. 66.

Payment of money by parties in the presence of the Judge.

Mr. C. Chennakeshaviah, Chitaldrug Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Though the defendant is ready to pay the money in court on the date of hearing, he is required to deposit it in the Treasury taking a receipt order from the Cash Nazar. This causes much trouble and inconvenience to ignorant clients. The amounts may be made payable in court to plaintiff or his pleader in the presence of the Judge who may note the payments in the order sheet then and there.

Reply of Government.—The Chief Court will be asked to issue a circular to this effect.

SUBJECT No. 67.

Returns of deposits by Court.

Mr. C. Chennakeshaviah, Chitaldrug Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—In Civil cases, the court insists upon the party applying for payment of money deposited in court to get a lawyer to identify him. This causes much inconvenience to those who have not